

**Austin Peay State
University**

Tenure Procedures and Guidelines

Procedures & Guidelines

Issued: May 7, 2021

Responsible Official: Provost and Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs

Responsible Office: Academic Affairs

Introduction

The following Tenure Procedures and Guidelines document of Austin Peay State University (APSU) on retention, tenure, and promotion applies to all tenure-track and tenured faculty within the University. These procedures and guidelines embody and communicate all provisions, definitions, and stipulations of Austin Peay State University policy.

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Procedures

Consideration for Tenure Who Awards Tenure at APSU

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Tenure is awarded only by positive action of the APSU Board of Trustees, pursuant to the requirements and procedures of this policy at APSU. The President has the authority to recommend tenure or to continue faculty members in probationary status.

Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions

Copies of all personnel actions made at every level shall be sent to the faculty member, departmental chair/director and Dean on a timetable consistent with the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. The Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions is established and prepared by the Provost in the Office of Academic Affairs. All personnel actions occur in the fall semester except for first-year faculty. First-year faculty are reviewed in the spring semester, including those faculty hired with years awarded toward tenure and/or promotion. Any questions concerning adjustments to the established dates on the calendar shall be addressed by the Office of Academic Affairs.

Tenure Process

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1. Departmental Recommendations

- a. The departmental chair/director shall inform faculty members who are to be reviewed of the nature of materials required by the retention and tenure committee and the date by which these materials must be received for committee consideration. Faculty members under review for retention, tenure, and promotion are responsible for submitting well-organized, up-to-date, and accurate e-dossiers. This responsibility shall end upon final submission of the e-dossier by the faculty member for the year under review.

Faculty members are encouraged to work closely with their directors/chairs, assigned mentors, and/or other senior faculty within and outside of their department (as necessary) to make sure that the e-dossier complies with content and order requirements as noted below.

Faculty members should consider the preparation of e-dossiers as a year-round process, gathering and maintaining materials accordingly.

- b.** Included in the e-dossier shall be a description and a curriculum vita of the candidate's scholarly and professional achievements. The chair may appoint faculty to advise other faculty members in the development of their dossiers. Their advice should be reported to both the chair and the faculty member.

NOTE: Faculty members must submit an updated e-dossier for the current year's review. Activities in all the three areas of review must be updated. Faculty members who do not submit an updated e-dossier for evaluation by the appropriate retention/tenure committee during the current review cycle shall, by the act, be considered in breach of contract, and their employment shall terminate as of the end of the academic year in which they do not submit their e-dossier. Any exceptions to this requirement must have the written approval of the President.

- c. **PREPARING YOUR E-DOSSIER** (overview)**

NOTE: All faculty seeking retention, tenure, or promotion must complete an electronic dossier. Faculty preparing e-dossiers for the first time must consult the Academic Affairs Technical Support Coordinator for an e-dossier shell and training.

Faculty who wish to apply for promotion should inform their chair/director of their intent in writing in the semester prior to the one in which they will apply for promotion. Starting with the 2019-2020 academic year, faculty seeking promotion should file their letter of intent by the last day of classes of the Clarksville Campus spring semester.

Faculty preparing e-dossiers should allow plenty of time to prepare an e-dossier, especially if they are preparing an e-dossier for the first time. All supporting materials shall be a part of the e-dossier.

Faculty undergoing personnel review for retention, tenure, and promotion must read Policy 1:025, which

governs tenure as well as Policy 2:063, which governs promotion. Faculty members must consult closely with their department chair/director as well as with experienced senior members in their own department for guidance in preparing an accurate, well-organized, and up-to-date e-dossier.

In smaller departments or within departments that do not have a number of senior faculty members, the faculty member under review is strongly encouraged to seek assistance from colleagues in a related discipline or colleagues in another department of the University.

The faculty member under review should seek advice from colleagues who have been through the tenure process and have personal experience with preparing e-dossiers themselves. The responsibility for complying with all the rules and regulations governing the preparation and submission of the e-dossier lies with the faculty member under review. While the faculty member may receive assistance from other individuals at the university related to the technical aspects of preparing an e-dossier, the ultimate responsibility lies with the faculty member to ensure that all links and file attachments within his or her e-dossier work and that all required items have been uploaded correctly and are available for review by personnel committees.

New faculty as well as experienced and more senior faculty (those applying for promotion to professor, for example) are strongly encouraged to attend training sessions conducted by the Academic Affairs Technical Support Coordinator in order to prepare the electronic version of documents (PDF file) correctly. This training will include scanning documents for conversion to PDF and conversion of electronic files to PDF. Faculty also shall use the A-Z index on the main page of APSU, selecting "E-Dossiers." This section contains valuable resources to help you create an effective e-dossier.

Click on <https://www.apsu.edu/academic-affairs/edossier.php>

All documents within the e-dossier shall be PDFs. Other important review materials added to the e-dossier, such as Chair's reports and college committee reports, shall also be PDFs and must not be scanned as JPG

files. Limited exceptions for JPG or QuickTime media are acceptable within supporting materials when related to the academic discipline.

Faculty members preparing e-dossiers shall follow the order of items as provided in the e- dossier template. Faculty should see ORGANIZATION OF MATERIALS IN YOUR E-DOSSIER for general guidance in the order and arrangement of e-dossier materials.

d. Direct Instructions to Faculty for Preparing the E-Dossiers for Personnel Review Processes

General Overview

If you are being reviewed for retention, tenure, or promotion, you will need to prepare an e-dossier. All reviews will be conducted in accordance with the standards in effect at the time of the review. All actions are due by the close of business (4:30 p.m.) on the date specified in the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. These actions include submissions of e-dossiers; notifications of retention, tenure, and promotion recommendations to candidates; and appeals of negative recommendations.

To ensure that materials are placed appropriately in the three areas of review and that credit for a certain activity is not duplicated, you **must** consult closely with your department chair/director as well as with experienced senior members in the department for guidance in preparing an accurate, well-organized, and up-to-date e-dossier.

Unlocking an E-dossier

Process for Unlocking E-dossiers at the Request of the Faculty Member:

Faculty members cannot add or remove any documents once the e-dossier has been locked. If material later needs to be added or removed, the request may be made by the faculty member to his/her Chair or Dean who may approve and forward the request to unlock the e-dossier to the Senior Vice Provost and Associate Vice

President for Academic Affairs. If the request is approved, the Senior Vice Provost and Associate Vice President for Academic Affairs will direct the Academic Affairs Technical Support Coordinator to unlock the e-dossier and make the changes.

E-dossiers Considered Incomplete at the Departmental and College Levels:

Any dossier considered to be incomplete during the departmental or college review stage, prior to the committee vote, or which does not comply with the content and order requirements of the e-dossier, must be returned to the faculty member for timely revision and resubmission to the departmental committee prior to formal consideration by the departmental committee.

An incomplete e-dossier is one that is declared by the departmental or college committee (before the vote takes place) as missing required materials or not complying with the content requirements of current policy. Examples of “required materials” include students’ evaluations of classes; a Provost’s report; Area I narrative; and other substantive elements. Examples of non-compliance including omitting student evaluations; preparing an e-dossier that has been haphazardly assembled; omitting a Dean’s report; omitting a teaching philosophy statement and other substantive elements. Any unlocking of a previously locked e-dossier must first have the approval of the departmental or college committee.

How to Unlock an E-dossier at the Departmental Level:

The chair/director/coordinator has the authority to request that an e-dossier be unlocked for a faculty member within that department/school, provided that the departmental committee meets (virtually, via email, or in person) and declares an e-dossier incomplete and affirms that no vote on the e-dossier has been taken. By declaring the e-dossier incomplete, the chair/director/coordinator attests that the departmental committee will convene again and vote before the due date specified in the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. The departmental committee chair must

provide specific and compelling reasons for unlocking an e-dossier. The request to unlock an e-dossier shall be made by the chair/director/coordinator to the dean of the college for approval in the form of an email providing the specific details and the rationale for unlocking the e-dossier. The dean will forward the request to the Senior Vice Provost and Associate Vice President for Academic Affairs for approval. If the request is approved, the Academic Affairs Technical Support Coordinator will unlock the e-dossier and make the changes.

How to Unlock an E-dossier at the College Level:

The dean has the authority to request an e-dossier be unlocked for a faculty member within that college, provided that the college committee meets (either virtually, via email, or in person) and declares an e-dossier incomplete and affirms that no vote on the e-dossier has been taken. By declaring the e-dossier incomplete, the dean attests that the college committee will convene again and vote before the due date specified in the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. The college committee chair must provide specific and compelling reasons for unlocking an e-dossier. . The request to unlock an e-dossier shall be made by the dean to the Senior Vice Provost and Associate Vice President for Academic Affairs in the form of an email providing the specific details and the rationale for unlocking the e-dossier. If the request is approved, the Academic Affairs Technical Support Coordinator will unlock the e-dossier and make the changes.

During the retention process, except for first year faculty, the e-dossier dossier should focus on describing teaching activities, scholarly accomplishments, and service since the most recent personnel action. For example, the e-dossier of a faculty member seeking fourth-year retention should focus on accomplishments in Areas 1, 2, and 3 since the application for 3rd year retention.

However, when you are in your tenure year, all of the activities in the three areas since you came to APSU will be examined as part of the personnel review, that is, in your tenure year, you will receive a summative

assessment or comprehensive review of your time at Austin Peay State University

e. **ORGANIZATION OF MATERIALS IN YOUR E-DOSSIER**

Make your accomplishments clear by adding brief explanatory statements where needed because your e-dossier is likely to be examined by many faculty members who may not be completely familiar with your discipline. Do not assume, for instance, that colleagues outside of your department will understand the value of being nominated for the Pushcart Prize in fiction.

Faculty are not permitted to alter the appearance or ordering of the headings provided for their e-dossier. Your e-dossier should include the following items and must be arranged as described below in the e-dossier. All materials in each section within the e-dossier shall be arranged in reverse chronological order, that is, list your most recent achievements and/or activities first. Any menu items in the e-dossier added for informational purposes (those not stated below) should not be altered or removed.

1. **Brief narrative statement of intent** (30 words or less). Your statement of intent should be in the form of a letter. Use “Dear Reviewers” as your salutation. Include a date, sign your name (print name below signature), and add your current rank as well as departmental affiliation beneath your name. Indicate your intention clearly. You should prepare a new statement of intent when you are seeking more than one action in the same review cycle (e.g. retention and promotion, tenure and promotion). You should also include the year for which you are seeking retention (e.g. third year or fourth year etc.) and the number of years awarded toward tenure and/or promotion upon hire, if any.

Example of text for *statement of intent for retention*:

“Please consider this e-dossier in support of my application for retention for a fifth year at Austin Peay State University.”

“Please consider this e-dossier in support of my application for retention for a third year at Austin Peay State University. I received two years of service toward tenure upon hire.”

Example of text for *statement of intent for tenure*:

“Please consider this e-dossier in support of my application for tenure at Austin Peay State University.”

Example of text for *statement of intent for promotion*:

“Please consider this e-dossier in support of my application for promotion to Associate Professor at Austin Peay State University.”

Faculty members seeking more than one action (e.g. retention and promotion, tenure and promotion) in a single calendar year must submit one e-dossier for each action sought; with sufficient prior notification to the Academic Affairs Technical Support Coordinator, a copy of a completed e-dossier can be made to assist in this process.

2. All e-dossiers must include the **Notice of Tenure-Track Appointment and Agreement of Employment**, that is, your contract, which includes special conditions that govern your employment such as years of prior service toward tenure and your starting salary. You may cover up the salary figure before you scan this document to upload to your e-dossier. The Notice of Tenure-Track Appointment and Agreement of Employment, that is, your contract only needs to be uploaded during your first-year retention review and will be a permanent part of the e-dossier items. If your contract has changed, the new contract must be uploaded in that review cycle. The previous contract shall not be deleted or removed.

NOTE: The Notice of Tenure-Track Appointment and Agreement of Employment is a legal document that, along with applicable University policies, governs the faculty member’s employment and

relationship with the University.

Interpretations of a faculty member's contract that contravene or deviate from what is explicitly stated (such as years toward tenure, requirements for promotion, and conditions governing employment etc.) are not permitted. For example, a departmental review committee cannot require a faculty member hired at the rank of Instructor to complete a doctoral degree or a terminal degree to attain tenure or be retained if the terms of the faculty member's contract do not specifically state that the faculty member is required to complete the aforementioned degree in order to be tenured or retained.

3. **Current Recommendations**. Your e-dossier should contain reports from departmental and college committees, the Dean, the Provost, and the President. All appeals and optional written responses should be included in this section. These current recommendations will include the following items if they constitute part of the administrative review for that year:
 - (a) Department Committee's Retention and Tenure Recommendation Form or Promotion Recommendation Form as appropriate as well as all reports, including any positive and negative minority reports
 - (b) Department Chair Faculty Performance Review Form
 - (c) Annual faculty evaluation review form. Including this form in your e-dossier is optional through academic year 2020-2021. Starting with academic year 2021-2022, all faculty will be required to include the annual faculty evaluation review form in personnel reviews. Do not remove any existing post-tenure reviews as these are official actions. Add your annual faculty evaluations in your e-dossier before any existing post-tenure reviews.
 - (d) Optional written responses to negative departmental or college-level recommendations.

- (e) Formal Appeals (if any) to the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board. Faculty shall clearly delineate documents that are part of the formal appeal to the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board (e.g. Attachment A, Attachment B).
 - (f) College Committee's Report and Dean's Retention and Tenure Recommendation Form/Promotion Recommendation Form as appropriate as well as all reports, including any positive and negative minority reports
 - (g) Provost's recommendation
 - (h) President's recommendation for tenure, President's decision for retention and promotion
4. **An up-to-date vita.** A vita is a continuing academic record of the faculty member's activities and accomplishments. At the very minimum, your vita should be well-organized, current, accurate, and aesthetically appealing. Follow reverse chronology, that is, list most recent achievements and/or activities first.

Your vita should clearly indicate specific dates of activities in the three areas under review (e.g. "presented paper at College English Association meeting in March 2020") as well as clearly distinguish among stages of development of academic scholarship within Area II (e.g. a work in progress, article accepted, submitted to, under review, accepted by editors but needing publisher etc.). See section on Criteria to be Considered in Tenure Recommendations: Irregularities in Research, Scholarship, and/or Creative Activities for further information.

Faculty members may follow different formats for a vita; however, do not organize your academic vita into Areas I, II, and III as the review committee will get this information from your narrative summaries. The standard parts of your vita should include the

following: your current position at Austin Peay, your prior positions, education, scholarly/creative and professional accomplishments, and other relevant achievements

5. A brief narrative summary of Areas I, II, and III.

Provide a snapshot summary of Effectiveness in Academic Assignment, Scholarly and Creative Achievement, and Professional Contributions and Activities. This document should provide an overview of significant accomplishments in these areas, and it should be prepared using reverse chronology, that is, list most recent achievements and/or activities first. Your narrative may include some bullet points but should include sentences and should be no longer than two (2) pages when formatted as single-spaced text

Summary of Areas 1-3 during Retention

If you are seeking retention, this summary shall be a narrative of the single year since your most recent personnel action. If you are seeking tenure, this summary shall be a consolidated narrative of your years at Austin Peay State University from the date of hire.

Summary During Tenure Year

In your tenure year, however, you are required to write (a) one narrative summary of Areas 1, 2, and 3 covering your time at APSU from the date of hire and (b) a narrative description for each of the three areas of review. You are, then, providing a brief snapshot summary of all your three areas (one document) followed by the narrative descriptions for each area (three documents), which expand on the one brief snapshot summary. If you have done this correctly, you will have written a total of four documents.

In your tenure year, you are not required to write a separate narrative for the immediate year's activities (as you have done during previous retention cycles). During retention cycles, you

were only required to provide a brief consolidated summary of activities since the last personnel review. However, in your tenure year, this summary covers all time at APSU.

Expanded Narrative During the Tenure Year

In your tenure year, for each required individual description of Areas 1, 2, and 3, expand (with a reasonable level of detail) upon the information contained in your consolidated brief narrative summary. As always, discuss the most recent year's activities first and then continue with the description of your time at APSU from the date of hire.

It is not necessary to describe in exacting detail each and every activity in which you were engaged during all time spent at APSU. You may be more effective limiting your descriptive narrative to highlights and more significant achievements. Consult with your chair, your mentor, and other senior faculty within and outside of your department as appropriate.

Summary for Promotion to Associate Professor

If you are seeking promotion to Associate Professor, this summary shall be a consolidated narrative of your activities in your three areas since your last promotion at Austin Peay State University or your initial appointment at Austin Peay State University.

Summary for Promotion to Professor

If you are seeking promotion to Professor, this summary shall be a consolidated narrative of your activities in the three areas since your last promotion. If it has been longer than five years since your last promotion at Austin Peay State University, please include within your consolidated narrative information pertaining to the most recent five years or since your last promotion (at the candidate's discretion). If it has

been longer than five years since your last promotion at Austin Peay, you also have the option to include student evaluations only from the most recent five (5) years in your promotion e-dossier. Also, when faculty apply for promotion to professor, they are strongly encouraged to organize Areas 1-3 of the previous years' accomplishments since the last promotion into standard academic year divisions. For example, include Areas 1-3 under "2021-2022," "2020-2021," "2019-2020" and so on. Use the academic year as the over-arching heading.

6. **Prior Administrative Reviews.** These reviews must include copies of all previous years' APSU personnel recommendations by departmental and college committees, Chairs/Directors, Deans, the Provost and the President. Place the President's renewal notice first in this section followed by copies of all previous years' APSU personnel recommendations by the Provost, Dean, college committee, chair/director, and departmental committee. Post-tenure reviews and annual faculty evaluations are administrative reviews and should be included in this section. These reviews should be arranged in reverse chronological order, that is, from the most recent to the earliest review. Group these items by the calendar or academic year under review.

NOTE: In the year following the current retention, tenure, and promotion cycle, it shall be the responsibility of the faculty member under review to upload to his/her e-dossier the prior administrative reviews from, the Provost, and the President and to ensure that these reviews are always maintained from year to year in the faculty member's e- dossier.

7. **Narrative Description of Academic Assignment.** Your narrative description should expand on the snapshot summary. See No. 5, above.
8. **Teaching Philosophy Statement.** A summary of your teaching philosophy (this document shall be limited to one to two pages formatted as single-spaced text) should accompany this description. Place your teaching philosophy statement after the narrative

description of your Academic Assignment. Your teaching philosophy may reflect changes from year to year.

9. **Narrative Description of Scholarly and Creative Achievement**, including evaluations by off-campus authorities in the relevant field. Your narrative description should expand on the summary offered in No. 5.
10. **Narrative Description of Professional Contributions and Activities**, including evaluations by off-campus authorities in the relevant field; supporting materials should be provided in the supporting materials section of the e-dossier. Your narrative description should expand on the summary offered in No. 5.
11. **Annual Peer Review of Teaching**. At a minimum, peer reviews should contain some narrative statements that comment on the teaching effectiveness of the candidate.

At least one peer review per year of teaching instruction is required of all faculty members undergoing personnel review during *each review cycle* leading to tenure. The peer reviews are required of all faculty, including on-ground and online faculty

Faculty applying for promotion to Associate Professor after they receive tenure shall include at least one recent peer review (within two years prior to the current promotion action). Faculty applying for promotion to Professor shall also include at least one recent peer review of instruction (within two years prior to the current promotion action). If a faculty member has requested peer reviews from multiple colleagues, the faculty member shall include all completed peer reviews of instruction and not selectively pick among completed peer reviews for inclusion in the e-dossier.

When a long gap of time, such as ten years or more, has occurred between any personnel actions (except retention), faculty are required to submit at least two recent peer reviews from within the most recent five years prior to the semester when the

application has been made for promotion. For example, if a faculty member was last promoted to associate professor in 2006 and intends to seek promotion to Full Professor rank effective Fall 2021 (the long gap being fifteen (15) years), the faculty member is encouraged to submit two recent peer reviews from years 2016 until the year of application to rank of Full Professor.

When a faculty member includes only one peer review within his/her e-dossier, that peer review must be written by someone within the faculty member's department. If a faculty member in the candidate's department is unavailable to provide this review for a clear and abiding reason, then the candidate should seek a colleague who teaches in a closely-related discipline. In so far as it is feasible, the mentor of the faculty member under review should not write the peer review of the candidate during the period of the two-year mentorship in order to avoid advocacy and conflict of interest issues. Peer reviews for faculty undergoing personnel reviews should be written only by regular full-time faculty at Austin Peay. Faculty members who audit a class taught by a colleague are strongly encouraged not to write any peer reviews for the colleague's personnel actions.

All peer reviews shall include the date of the review, the specific class being reviewed, name, rank, and department name of the individual completing the peer review.

- 12. All student evaluations of instruction since coming to APSU.** Do not include evaluations of study-abroad classes, APSU 1000 classes, Wintermester, Maymester, summer courses, or classes not routinely evaluated by the University (such as independent studies, and individual instruction).

Faculty must clearly label student evaluations that are included within the e-dossier. At a minimum, the label must include the year and the semester. For instance, the faculty member may use the label "Spring 2021 Student Evaluations." Simply using "2021" as a label in the e-dossier shall be

unacceptable. The student evaluations shall also be uploaded to the e-dossier in reverse chronological order, that is, the most recent set of student evaluations shall appear first.

Evaluations shall be included except for narrative comments, which must be removed. Faculty shall not extract any other sections of SurveyDIG or other survey instrument evaluations. In courses with an enrollment of fewer than 5 students at the time of evaluations, student evaluations may be included. Faculty must provide a brief explanatory statement for courses that have not been evaluated.

Faculty being reviewed for promotion to Associate or Professor shall include all student evaluations of instruction only from the most recent five-year period or, if fewer than five, all evaluations.

Faculty members may comment on their own student evaluations. These comments related to student evaluations shall be on a separate sheet that should be placed before the student evaluations in the faculty member's e-dossier. If a faculty member is commenting on a specific set of evaluations, those courses should be clearly identified within the commentary (e.g. titling the page "Comments for Fall 2019 English 1010 Section 08 class").

Any Narrative Comments Written by Students Must Be Excluded from Your E-Dossier

Narrative comments written by students at the time of the regular faculty evaluation process or narrative comments from online surveys must not be included within the faculty member's e-dossier. Student comments should be used only informally by the faculty member for his/her assessment and/or improvement. The department chair/director shall also receive a copy of the students' narrative comments.

Learning Opportunities (APSU High-impact Practices)

Faculty who engage in activities that meet or exceed

high impact practices criteria and best practices as outlined in Austin Peay State University's E³ Quality Enhancement Plan (QEP) Explore, Experience, Excel shall be permitted to include such activities toward credit in Areas 1, 2, or 3 as appropriate according to departmental criteria in the retention, tenure, and promotion process. These activities might include service learning, study abroad, internships, undergraduate research, and other high-impact practices. Faculty can learn more about Explore, Experience, and Excel activities at the university website.

f. Organization of Supporting Materials

Your supporting materials should contain materials related to the three areas under review: academic assignment; scholarly and creative achievement; and professional contributions and activities. Faculty are advised to examine Criteria to be Considered in Tenure Recommendations for further information relative to these three areas.

The supporting materials shall be organized by the three areas under review. See section "Organization of Materials in the E-Dossier." All materials in the Supporting Materials section shall be arranged in reverse chronological order, that is, list your most recent achievements and/or activities first. The faculty member must consult closely with the chair/director and senior members of the department for specific guidance in the appropriate selection and placement of materials within the supporting materials section of the e-dossier.

Examples of supporting materials might include copies of published articles; copies of representative chapter(s) in a book publication or the book itself; (c) copies of published essay in an anthology; (d) photographs of a painting exhibit or sculpture etc. If you are unsure of what might be appropriate, consult closely with your chair/director as well as with experienced senior faculty members in your department.

Suggested Materials for Inclusion in Your Supporting Materials

Area I:

Copies of course syllabi; representative samples of lecture notes; a few selected PowerPoint presentations; sample of graded work, and/or other appropriate teaching materials. If you have relevant documents related to student advising, you may include those here.

Area II:

Copies of articles in journals. If a book, include copies of relevant chapters and pages, e.g. title page (author name must be visible) and table of contents page. If you have presented a paper at a conference, you should submit a copy of your paper and include the program schedule (highlight your name in some visible way in the program schedule).

If you are using online articles as evidence of scholarship, save the articles as PDF files and include the complete text of all articles within your supporting materials. Because hyperlinks may become broken, you must preserve copies of your online articles that support your accomplishments in Area II. These copies should contain the access date and URL.

It shall be the responsibility of a faculty member undergoing a retention, tenure, or promotion review to retain all materials (electronic or physical format) pertinent to the faculty member's activities in the area of research/scholarship/creative activities until such time as the faculty member has attained tenure and achieved the rank of Professor. Such documents might include, among other things: (a) copies of all email exchanges between the faculty member and the editor/publisher of a scholarly journal; (b) written exchanges among multiple authors of a document; (c) written correspondence between co-authors; (d) documentation of the level of contribution by the faculty member in a multi-authored work; and (e) notes and suggestions for revisions from editors/reviewers.

Area III:

Include evidence of your participation in the governing and policy-making processes of the University e.g. your

appointment letter to a standing committee. Include information pertinent to your participation on departmental committees and leadership or advisory roles in student organizations. Include evidence of your memberships and leadership positions in professional organizations at state, regional or national levels. Thank you notes from colleagues for your service as guest lecturer in a class would be acceptable in this section. Also include pertinent information to your service as session chair, discussant, paper reviewer, etc.

Faculty shall retain back-ups of all files and materials entered by the faculty member into the e-dossier and used in the retention, tenure, and promotion process.

g. Departmental Criteria for Retention-Tenure Actions

Faculty under review shall adhere to the RTP criteria in place for the current review cycle. Departmental review committees, chairs, directors, college committees, and deans shall evaluate candidates based on approved departmental RTP criteria.

Departments shall review and may consider revisions to their Retention, Tenure, and Promotion (RTP) criteria every 6 years. The current criteria, revised in Fall 2015, are in effect beginning in academic year 2016-17. Future opportunities for revisions will occur in 2021, 2027, and 2032. Departments wishing to make any substantive changes within the six-year period must obtain written permission from the Provost. The Provost shall establish the timetable for the revision of departmental criteria.

General Procedures for Revision of Departmental RTP Criteria

1. Departments are encouraged to review carefully the criteria that they presently have and use APSU Policies 1:025, 2:063 and this P and G document to inform their discussions.
2. Each department will establish a criteria review committee. The committee will include members from all tenure-track and tenured ranks within a department. The review committee will review the criteria, propose changes, and discuss the revised

criteria with the department.

3. The review committee may incorporate suggested changes to the RTP criteria and forward the proposal in writing with brief rationales for those changes to the dean. The dean will review the proposed changes and make suggestions with brief rationales to the departmental criteria review committee.
4. The review committee shall reconvene and consider the dean's suggestions and may choose to modify the RTP criteria. Then, the review committee will prepare a final revision of the RTP criteria and present it to the department. All tenured and tenure-track faculty members of the department will vote on the proposed changes. For the proposal to move forward, a simple majority of the voting members must approve the proposed changes. If the vote fails, the review committee will reconvene and consider faculty members' suggestions and may choose to modify the RTP criteria to bring to the faculty members for a second vote. The chair will cast an independent vote. The approved proposal and vote tally shall be forwarded to the department's dean.
5. The department's proposed RTP criteria will be reviewed and voted on by the College Promotion Committee, chaired by the dean. The dean and college promotion committee will send to the Provost the department's proposed changes (including any college-level or decanal comments) and votes of the College Promotion Committee and of the dean. The dean will forward the results of Dean's vote and College Promotion Committee's votes to the department chair for dissemination to all faculty members within the department.
6. The Provost shall review each department's proposed RTP changes. The Provost may make suggestions in writing with brief rationales and send them back to the department chair, with a copy to the dean. The chair shall inform the department of the Provost's comments. The department review

criteria committee will reconvene and consider the Provost's suggestions. The Provost may meet with the department to discuss revisions. The review criteria committee will prepare its final proposed criteria and send them to the Provost.

7. After consultation with the dean, chair, and department criteria review committee, the Provost will approve final departmental criteria.
8. Changes to a department's RTP criteria will take effect the following academic year. Faculty members who believe that the newly adopted criteria will negatively affect future retention or tenure actions may appeal their case to the Provost. The timeline shall be set by the Provost.
9. College Committees are not permitted to reinterpret and/or redefine departmental RTP criteria.

h. Storage of E-Dossiers

Because of record-keeping requirements, official personnel records are to be kept a minimum of seventy-five years from an individual faculty member's last date of employment in a paper or imaged format. In addition, due to the time frame in which an individual faculty member could file an EEOC complaint and/or lawsuit, a paper dossier of any faculty member must specifically stay in the department office for a minimum period of four (4) years from the point when the final personnel decision is made on the faculty member's status at the institutional level or at the APSU Board of Trustees level. Likewise, an electronic dossier shall be stored on a server or some other media for a minimum period of four (4) years from the point when the final personnel decision is made on the faculty member's status at the institutional level or at the APSU Board of Trustees level.

After the separation of a faculty member from University service and the expiration of the timeframe in which an EEOC complaint may be filed, an imaged copy may be kept in any format compliant with federal and state record-keeping requirements. All existing paper dossiers not converted to electronic format must be maintained

until converted to imaged format after the separation of the faculty member from APSU employment.

A faculty member's existing paper dossier, if relevant, is the property of APSU and shall continue to remain in the department until the faculty has achieved the rank of tenured full professor. In order to protect the security of a paper dossier, a faculty member may not remove his or her paper dossier from the departmental office without prior permission of the department chair/director. A faculty member's e-dossier that is prepared for personnel reviews is the property of APSU and shall be maintained on a server or other media.

When a faculty member has attained tenure and achieved the rank of Professor, a paper dossier may reside in the faculty member's office after meeting the required four-year residency in the department following the final personnel decision on the faculty member's status at the institutional level or at the APSU Board of Trustees level.

Faculty members who retire or resign from the University may make copies of materials in their dossier; however, the dossier itself shall remain with the University. When a faculty member is currently teaching on a post-retirement contract, a paper dossier of that faculty member may reside in the faculty member's office after meeting the required four-year residency in the departmental office. When a faculty member leaves the institution, the faculty member may make copies of documents submitted as part of his or her review process. The faculty member must consult with his or her department chair/director for guidance in this area. If the department chair/director leaves the institution, the department chair/director shall consult with the Dean of the college and/or the Provost for guidance.

i. Departmental Reviews

The Departmental Retention and Tenure Committee shall be convened by the departmental chair/director in a timely fashion. A faculty member who is normally eligible to serve on review committees but who is on a leave of absence or on faculty development leave during the current review cycle shall not participate or vote in any RTP process.

Note: When a department chair is being reviewed for retention, tenure, or promotion there shall be no chair's report. The chair being reviewed will have the opportunity to write an optional response to a negative departmental committee report/reports. This optional response should be addressed to the next level of review.

For example:

*Dear College Committee,
I am responding to the negative departmental report I received. (Make your case within the optional response.)*

Role of the Presiding Officer in RTP meetings

The committee will then select a presiding officer, who shall be a voting member of the committee. When a department chair is being reviewed for retention, tenure, or promotion, the personnel meeting shall be convened by the presiding officer who has been elected by the department review committee in advance of the meeting.

The presiding officer will select a committee member to take notes to provide a summary statement reflecting the strengths and weaknesses noted during the review of each dossier. These notes can be used as reference material for the written evaluation. The departmental committee's report for retention and tenure shall be prepared on the appropriate form on white paper using portrait orientation only. The departmental committee's report for promotion shall also be prepared on the appropriate form on white paper using portrait orientation only. The forms are available here <https://www.apsu.edu/academic-affairs/faculty/rtp/rtp-forms.php>.

While the Chair/Director may participate in the discussion, the presiding officer shall manage the meeting. If the committee wishes to discuss a candidate without the presence of the chair, the presiding officer should set aside a time period in which the departmental committee can discuss the candidate freely without the presence of the chair. The department chair may be recalled to the room at any time during the process if the

committee wishes further input. The chair must leave the room when it is time to cast final ballots.

The presiding officer or their designee shall informally notify by email the candidate under review of the committee's recommendation (not the vote) no later than the next business day.

Examples of email notifications to candidates following the personnel meeting:

“Dear Dr. A, the Department of Communication Promotion Committee met today and has recommended your promotion to Associate Professor. Details will be in the written report.”

“Dear Dr. B., the Department of Biology Retention Committee met today and has not recommended you for retention for a third year. Details will be in the written report.”

The presiding officer shall ensure that draft versions of reports are prepared in a timely manner and available for comment and review by committee members before the final version is prepared. The presiding officer shall ensure that reports contain all appropriate signatures and help coordinate the movement of reports to the department office in a manner consistent with the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. Starting with the 2018-2019 academic year, no one in the RTP process is permitted to cast an Abstain vote; the only acceptable votes are Yes or No.

Recusals

Faculty members shall recuse themselves from participating and voting on personnel actions when the faculty member is currently involved in a legal situation with the faculty member under review; is currently involved in a complaint or grievance with the faculty member under review; has a family relationship with the faculty member under review; and other situations that will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Faculty should consult APSU's Nepotism Policy 5:035 for the definition of and clarification concerning “family members.” It shall be the responsibility of the presiding

officer to notify the Office of Academic Affairs and the faculty member's department chair when a faculty member attends the RTP meeting and refuses to cast any vote at all when a recusal issue is not the reason.

Faculty Awarded Years Toward Tenure and/or Promotion

Any number of years toward tenure and promotion can be offered on hire. Past service time can be awarded on hire, and these years of service awarded shall count at the front rather than added on at the year preceding tenure year. Past productivity can also count toward tenure and promotion. For example, a faculty member awarded three years of prior credit toward tenure shall be seen as a fourth-year faculty member during their first review at APSU. At retention, tenure, and promotion meetings, department chairs shall remind personnel committees about the specific number of years that have been granted to the faculty member under review.

At the departmental and college level, it is the professional responsibility of all faculty members serving on any personnel committee (retention, tenure, or promotion) to review fully a candidate's e-dossier before casting a vote.

Application of Past Productivity and of Work Accomplished at APSU

Beginning in Fall 2019, if past productivity and years of service are awarded at the front, then the quality of the prior work that a faculty member includes in his/her e-dossier must, at a minimum, meet or exceed the established standards in place as outlined in the criteria for the department's personnel actions. It is preferred that but not required that past productivity include work accomplished in the most recent years that correspond to the same number of years a faculty member was given toward tenure and/or promotion upon hire. For instance, it is preferred that a faculty member who receives two years toward tenure and/or promotion use work accomplished during the most recent two years before hire at APSU. It is preferred that a faculty member hired in fall of 2021 and who is awarded two

years of prior credit use accomplishments no earlier than the fall of 2019.

The personnel committee shall consult departmental criteria when reviewing an e-dossier that includes work that is not accomplished during the faculty member's employment at Austin Peay State University. The faculty member who plans to include prior work completed at another institution should consult with senior departmental faculty and the chair to confirm that any prior work that is included in the e-dossier meets departmental standards and the timeline above.

When a faculty member receives years toward promotion and/or tenure upon appointment, the rationale for awarding years toward service must be included in his/her letter of appointment. Additionally, the appointment letter shall inform the faculty member that year(s) given toward service will be applied at the front of their contract and indicate that their first personnel review will include these years. For example, a faculty member who receives two (2) years toward tenure/promotion will be apprised that his/her first review at APSU will be as a third-year faculty member. This information will also be included in the department chair's report.

To assure sustained productivity, faculty members who were hired with service years added at the front must continue to complete and demonstrate scholarly/creative activity in Area 2 for retention, tenure, and promotion during their employment at Austin Peay State University. Faculty cannot reasonably expect that they will receive tenure or promotion at Austin Peay State University only on the basis of prior work without performing some scholarly work during their time at APSU. The work performed at APSU must meet departmental standards as outlined in the criteria for APSU for retention, tenure, and promotion.

Documents Not Ordinarily Part of Content and Order Requirements

Documents *not* ordinarily part of the content and order requirements as stipulated in 1:025 or other standard review materials (Chair's report, Provost's report, etc.)

may be introduced at any personnel review meeting on the condition that such documents relate to the three areas under review. Faculty members on a review committee wishing to introduce documentation at the personnel meeting must inform the chair and supply the documents or copies thereof.

However, these documents must be signed and may not be introduced at the review meeting unless the faculty member under review has been previously informed by the chair that these documents may be introduced and discussed. These documents are not required to be signed by the faculty member under review; rather, the documents are to be signed by the individual (s) who has/have authored the document(s).

All pertinent documents related to the situation must be included. The faculty member under review shall be permitted to include one rebuttal to such documents. This rebuttal shall be in the form of a single document, limited to a narrative response no more than two pages in length.

The faculty member's rebuttal must be submitted prior to the department committee's vote to include or exclude these documents from the e-dossier. The faculty member shall be notified by the department chair or presiding officer of the committee's decision to include or exclude the documents from the e-dossier. If the personnel committee votes to admit these documents, then the faculty member's rebuttal shall be included within the e-dossier. In terms of document order and placement, the faculty member's rebuttal document shall follow the documents that have been introduced and admitted. All these items shall follow the chair's review. The documents are to be uploaded by the administrative assistant to the Dean or the Office of Academic Affairs.

If the personnel committee votes to reject these documents, the faculty member's rebuttal shall not be included within the e-dossier. Once the documents have been denied inclusion in the e-dossier at the departmental level, these documents may not be re-introduced at the college level. If the documents have been approved for inclusion at the departmental level,

these documents may not be removed at the college level.

On the matter of the chair informing the faculty member, the chair of the department or members of the review committee must provide written evidence of such communication. An e-mail to the faculty member under review with a “request a delivery receipt” and “request a read receipt” option sent with the e-mail is recommended. All written communication between the faculty member and the chair or between the faculty members and members of the review committee must include a time and date stamp. A chair or members of a review committee who initiate these messages to the faculty member shall bring copies of such communications to the personnel meeting.

The faculty member shall have the right to see the documents or copies of such documents. If the faculty member is not informed about such documentation at least three (3) business days before the personnel meeting, such documentation may not be introduced at the meeting or discussed.

Written narrative comments by students that were completed as part of the normal faculty evaluation process are not to be shared with committee members during personnel meetings and are not to be used in any way as part of the personnel process.

If any member of the committee or the chair wishes to introduce a document, that document will then be given to the presiding officer, who will then present the nature of the document to the committee. However, no document may be introduced until the faculty member under review (a) has seen the documents or copies of documents; (b) has been informed in advance about such documentation as prescribed in the previous paragraph; and (c) is assured that these documents have not been altered in any way.

If requested, the presiding officer will read the document aloud. The entire committee will then vote to determine the admissibility of this document within the committee’s deliberations. A simple majority vote shall determine the outcome. A secret ballot process (similar

to that used for conventional retention, tenure, and promotion actions) shall be used in order for the votes to remain anonymous. A tie vote is not a majority vote, and the document shall not be discussed. The chair shall not be permitted to break a tie vote.

If the committee has voted to admit these documents, the reports of the review committee shall reference these documents and include clear narrative statements that (a) are specific and (b) demonstrate the importance of the document(s) to reviewers. All positive or negative reports may include attachments as needed. The presiding officer shall arrange for the document itself to be included in the e-dossier of the faculty member under review. If a chair is under review and is the subject of the document, the Dean of that college shall fulfill the role normally assigned to the chair.

The presiding officer from the departmental committee shall inform the department chair in writing of the results of the committee members' deliberations on documents that meet the criteria for "not ordinarily part of content and order requirements" and the decision whether or not to permit the inclusion of the document or parts thereof within the e- dossier of the faculty member under review. The presiding officer of the departmental committee shall prepare a narrative rationale for the department chair, which will include the numerical results of the vote on the document in question.

In order to assist reviewers at the college level and beyond, the chair shall make a note in his/her report of the department review committee's ruling on the document if the chair chooses to include or refer to the document that has been voted *not to be included* in the candidate's e-dossier by the review committee. Similarly, the chair shall make a note in his/his report of the department review committee's ruling on the document if the chair chooses to include or refer to a document that has been voted *to be included* in the candidate's e-dossier by the review committee.

When a department committee has voted not to include this material but the chair chooses to include the same document or parts thereof, the chair's report shall

include substantive rationale and clear narrative statements that (a) are specific and (b) demonstrate the importance of this document(s) for reviewers beyond the chair's level. The chair shall include the original documents (which meet the criteria for "documents not ordinarily part of content and order requirements") by attaching them to the chair's report. The chair's report and these documents "not ordinarily part of content and order requirements" shall be uploaded to the e-dossier of the faculty member under review.

When a chair receives documented information (positive or negative) relating to the three areas of review on a faculty member that the chair intends to include within his/her report, the chair shall notify the departmental committee regarding such information according to the normal procedure for documents that meet the criteria for "not ordinarily part of content and order requirements." When a chair receives a document that he/she wishes to include in the chair's report, but which has not been cleared by the departmental committee, at a very minimum, the chair shall let the candidate know and inform the departmental committee of his/her intentions.

NOTE: Exceptions may occur because of legal restrictions.

Placement of Documents Not Ordinarily Meeting Content and Order Requirements in the E-dossier

The placement of documents that meet the criteria for documents not ordinarily meeting content and order requirements in the e-dossier is determined by the level at which the document (s) is introduced (departmental level or college level). There shall be no opportunities for the Appeals Board, the Provost or the President to add such documents because the procedures currently in place for approval of such documents at the department and college level have not been extended to any levels beyond the college.

At whichever level the document is introduced (department, chair, college, Dean), the document shall be placed in the e-dossier at the end of that chain. For example, if the document were introduced at the

departmental level, the document shall be placed in the e-dossier below the chair's report.

If the document is introduced at the college level, the document shall be placed after the dean's report. To alert review committees that the faculty member's e-dossier contains these documents, the department chair/director or the Dean of the college shall write a simple statement of fact indicating that these documents are included within the faculty member's e-dossier. The chair or the Dean shall not provide any additional evaluative comments related to that statement.

This statement, which shall follow the signature line of the chair or Dean and be set off from the rest of the report, may read something like this: "This e-dossier contains a document that meets the criteria for documents *not ordinarily meeting the content and order requirements of the e-dossier.*"

Confidentiality of Meetings

All retention, tenure, and promotion committee proceedings and deliberations are confidential.

Option to Withdraw an E-Dossier during a Promotion Review

Faculty members are permitted to withdraw a promotion e-dossier at any time and any level during the review process. For example, if the faculty member receives a negative recommendation from the department, he or she may withdraw the e-dossier.

The faculty member may choose to apply for promotion at a later date. When the faculty member applies at a future date for promotion, the faculty member shall include an explanation for the missing administrative reviews from levels beyond the department. This explanation shall be the first item under the "Prior Administrative Reviews" section of the faculty member's e-dossier. Faculty members are advised to read Policy 2:063 for further details on promotion and conditions under which a faculty member under review may withdraw his/her e-dossier.

Guidelines for Voting, Recommendations, and Reports

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As the time for voting approaches, the chair/director will leave the room. Further discussion may ensue. A vote then will be held by secret ballot and the results recorded on the appropriate personnel form by the presiding officer. To preserve the integrity of the secret ballot process, standardized ballots and identical writing instruments shall be provided to the committee.

Faculty who are unable to attend personnel meetings and plan to vote on two separate actions on a candidate (tenure and promotion or retention and promotion) are required to submit separate votes for each action: one vote for tenure, and a separate vote for promotion. Because retention/tenure committees and promotion committees are discrete units, the process to separate such votes must be preserved.

When chairs convene retention, tenure, and promotion meetings to vote on multiple actions (such as tenure and promotion), they are encouraged to review first the promotions to full professor, followed by reviewing tenure candidates, then reviewing promotions to associate professor, and finally reviewing retention candidates. Because the personnel review process should occur in an environment that affords the most open and least stifling atmosphere for discussion, examining the candidates in the order described above will provide the greatest level of free speech and openness.

A member of the committee voting with the majority shall be selected to write the evaluation of the faculty member for the committee. The RTP recommendation forms should, at a minimum, contain sufficient information for review committees at all levels to make a reasonably sound assessment of the candidate's strengths and weaknesses. The language for each section under review on RTP forms shall include more than a single line of text. For example, a sentence such as "Faculty Jane Doe is performing satisfactorily in Area 1" with no other accompanying information is not permitted as an assessment statement for Area 1.

Negative information shall be supported by some sense of the reasons for their inclusion in the report. If the faculty member is known to be an ineffective advisor, a few additional sentences explaining this position will be helpful. A member of the committee voting with the minority may write, in collaboration with other members in the minority, a minority report, which

must be included in the faculty member's e-dossier along with the committee's recommendation. However, members who did not attend and stay for the full duration of the RTP meeting and did not, in person, hear the discussion on candidates at a departmental retention, tenure, or promotion meeting are not permitted to write either a positive or negative minority report on any candidate.

Majority and Minority Reports

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Minority reports are optional, except in special circumstances when they are required. For each faculty member under review, there can be no more than one majority and one minority report generated at the *department level* unless there is an even split vote, in which case two minority reports shall be written.

Minority reports may be authored by an individual or a group of writers. Minority reports may contain positive or negative information or a combination of positive and negative information. A member of the committee voting with the minority may write, alone or in collaboration with other members voting in the minority, a minority report, which must be included in the faculty member's e-dossier along with the committee's majority report.

When there is disagreement about the content of any report (majority and/or minority) circulated for comment and review, the personnel committee reviewers should attempt to work out differences among themselves and write a report (or reports) that is/are generally acceptable to the committee. In cases in which differences cannot be worked out, the report(s) should reflect the disagreements. All faculty members who voted on a candidate for retention, tenure, or promotion are required to sign all reports (both the majority report and the minority report, if any).

For each faculty member under review, there can be no more than one majority and one minority report generated at the *college level* unless there is an even split vote, in which case two minority reports shall be written.

Faculty members who were absent and did not vote on a faculty member's e-dossier shall not provide input on majority or minority reports. Faculty members who are present for a personnel meeting but who leave the meeting early without casting a vote for a particular candidate shall not be provided

access to any draft majority or minority reports for his/her input. These faculty members may not write any minority reports either. Faculty members who have recused themselves shall not participate in any personnel review meetings on the candidate in question. A recusal for conflict of interest is not a vote.

At the departmental or college level, in the event of a tie vote (an even split), two (2) minority reports will be written and must be included in the faculty member's e-dossier before it is forwarded to the next level in the personnel process. If two minority reports are required, those reports must contain distinct comments; one may not be a copy of the other. When two minority reports are needed, two individuals—one voting for and one voting against—must come forward to write the required minority reports.

Majority and minority reports that are written following a departmental review may contain information discussed at the meeting as well as information freely available within the faculty member's e-dossier. Extraneous elements and hearsay are not permitted within majority or minority reports. If the material is important enough to appear within a candidate's majority or minority report, it should be discussed openly within the personnel meeting.

Minority reports must discuss all three areas of review and must be turned in for the candidate to read at the same time as majority reports. Minority reports cannot be written a week or several days after a candidate has seen a majority report.

Faculty members under review are required to sign minority reports in a timely manner consistent with the deadlines listed for reports on the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. Signing these reports simply indicates that the faculty member has read the review reports and/or forms. Signing these reports does not necessarily indicate agreement or disagreement with the contents of these reports and/or forms. Check the box next to "Absent" on RTP forms only for noting a count of faculty members who did not vote at all for the candidate.

Personnel committees must count the official vote (*for*, *against*.) of a faculty member on a candidate even if the faculty member who voted cannot attend a personnel meeting and submitted his/her vote through a colleague or through other means of submission.

It shall be acceptable for faculty members to change their position on a candidate and present a substitute vote, replacing an original vote that has previously been submitted, so long as the official final vote is presented to the committee before the presiding officer counts and records the official votes at the meeting. After the departmental committee acts on a faculty member's dossier and forwards it to the next level, the departmental action cannot be rescinded, unless authorized in writing by the Provost. In extraordinary circumstances, the departmental committee may be permitted to take a re-vote before the e-dossier moves forward. The departmental committee cannot re-vote unless authorized in writing by the Provost.

Who Signs Reports?

All faculty members who voted on a candidate for retention, tenure, or promotion are required to sign all reports (both the majority report and the minority report, if any). Non-voting departmental representatives who were present at the college meeting during the vote shall be required to sign all reports. However, faculty members who were absent and did not vote or recused themselves from voting on a faculty member's e-dossier shall not sign any reports.

Faculty members shall sign all reports in a timely manner consistent with the deadlines on the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. DocuSign or electronic signature will be used to sign the departmental committee report. Signing these reports simply indicates that the faculty members have read the reports; signing does not necessarily indicate agreement or disagreement with the contents of these reports.

Tie Vote or Even Split Vote

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If an even split vote occurs at the departmental level (for example, 3 votes to retain, 3 votes not to retain a candidate), the even split vote shall be seen as a negative action for retention, tenure, and promotion purposes. An even split vote at the departmental level accompanied by a negative vote from the chair would permit a faculty member to write the optional two-page written response. The procedures outlined here regarding Tie Vote or Even Split Vote are to be mirrored at the college level.

After the departmental committee acts on a faculty member's

dossier and forwards it to the next level, the departmental action cannot be rescinded, unless authorized in writing by the Provost.

Faculty members under review shall be required to sign the Retention and Tenure Recommendation Form as well as any other retention, tenure, and promotion recommendation forms. Faculty members under review shall also be required to sign all retention and tenure Minority Report forms. Signing these forms simply indicates that the faculty member has read the review reports and/or forms. All department committee members who voted are required to sign all reports, including Minority Report forms. Committee members are required to print names clearly below their signatures on these reports. Faculty who did not attend a personnel meeting, but voted on the candidate, are still required to sign all reports, including Minority Report forms. Signing does not necessarily indicate agreement or disagreement with the contents of these reports and/or forms.

The departmental chair/director shall write a separate evaluation of, and recommendation for, the faculty member under review (Chair's Report: Faculty Performance Review). The department chair shall write an independent review after the departmental committee has made a recommendation. The Chair is not obligated to be guided by the departmental committees' reports or their votes.

If the faculty member refuses to sign the Chair's Faculty Performance Review Report or other retention, tenure, and promotion recommendation forms, it shall be the responsibility of the chair/director to prepare a clear statement indicating that the faculty member under review was given the opportunity to read the documents and that the faculty member subsequently refused to sign such documents. The chair/director shall include this statement in the form of (a) an attached "note" to the Chair's Faculty Performance Review Report below the signature line or (b) a note on a separate sheet of paper attached to forms other than the Chair's Faculty Performance Review Report.

The faculty member shall sign to indicate having read the recommendations of the departmental committee and the chair/director and shall have access to all materials forwarded to the college committee. If both departmental recommendations are negative, the candidate has a right to include an optional two-page written response before the e-dossier moves to the next level.

Recommendations once forwarded from the department to the next level cannot be rescinded unless authorized in writing by the Provost.

After the college committee acts on a faculty member's dossier and forwards it to the next level, the college action cannot be rescinded, unless authorized in writing by the Provost.

Composition of the College Retention and Tenure Committee

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- a.** A college retention and tenure committee shall be composed of one (1) tenured faculty member elected from each department or school within the college. All tenured and tenure-track faculty within the department or school, with the exception of the chair/director, shall have an opportunity to vote on departmental/school nominee(s) for the college committee, and a simple majority vote shall determine the outcome.
- b.** Members of the college committee are not permitted to vote on candidates from their own department. When they complete the ballot, they should select “non-voting department member.” If a college has fewer than four (4) departments, two (2) tenured faculty members from each department shall be elected to serve on the retention and tenure committee. If a department/school has an insufficient number of tenured faculty members to serve on the college committee, the department shall elect appropriate representatives from other departments within the college provided that they are not representatives from their own department.
- c.** Each college shall have an additional tenured member elected at large by the electorate of the college. The at-large member shall be elected from among all eligible faculty members not serving as a departmental representative on the college committee. All tenured and tenure-track faculty in a college are eligible to vote for the at-large representative. If the vote is tied, the college dean shall cast the deciding vote. The at-large member of any college-level retention and tenure or promotion committee shall be a voting, full member of that committee, but the at-large member shall not vote for members of his or her own departments. If a department/school has no tenured faculty, the committee

as a whole will protect their interests. Chairs/directors may not serve on the college committee.

College-Level Retention and Tenure Committee

The College Retention and Tenure Committee shall be convened by the college Dean in a timely fashion. Associate Deans shall not serve on or preside over college-level RTP committees. The committee will then select a presiding officer, who shall be a voting member of the committee.

Role of the Presiding Officer

The presiding officer will select a committee member to take notes to provide a summary statement reflecting the strengths and weaknesses noted during the review of each dossier. These notes can be used as reference material for the written evaluation.

Option to Have Presenters for E-dossiers at the College Level

Within two business days after e-dossiers become available, the Dean or the presiding officer (if already selected) may solicit committee members to volunteer to present candidates' e-dossiers in the personnel meetings when there are more than seven candidates in any one level of RTP review. Then, by the third day after e-dossiers become available, the Dean or presiding officer will assign candidates to the volunteer presenters. In assigning presenters, the Dean or presiding officer must not assign members from a department to present the e-dossier of candidates from the same department or assign mentors to present their mentees to avoid advocacy and conflicts of interest.

All members must still review all e-dossiers; however, the assigned presenter will prepare to highlight the candidate's accomplishments relative to criteria for each area of evaluation—academic assignment, scholarly and creative achievement, and professional activity. The presenter must remain objective in presenting information from the candidate's e-dossier but may take part in the ensuing discussion after completely laying out the information for each area of evaluation. To clarify the

line between the committee member's role as presenter and the role as a member of the committee discussing the candidate, the presiding officer should ask for discussion of the e-dossier as presented for each area. The presenter may also volunteer to draft the report, or another committee member may volunteer.

Members of the committee may solicit documented information from the Dean or other persons from the college who are not members of the committee. While the Dean may participate in the discussion, the presiding officer shall manage the meeting. Prior to the college committee members casting their final votes, the presiding officer should set aside time for the college committee to discuss the candidate freely without the presence of the Dean. However, as the time for voting approaches, the Dean will leave the room. Further discussion may ensue. A vote will be held by secret ballot and recorded on the appropriate personnel form by the presiding officer.

The presiding officer or their designee shall informally notify by email the candidate under review of the committee's recommendation (not the vote) no later than the next business day.

Examples of email notifications to candidates following the personnel meeting:

“Dear Dr. A, the College Promotion Committee met today and has recommended your promotion to Associate Professor. Details will be in the written report.”

“Dear Dr. B., the College Retention Committee met today and has not recommended you for retention for a third year. Details will be in the written report.”

The presiding officer shall also ensure that draft versions of reports are prepared in a timely manner and available for comment and review by committee members before the final version is prepared. The presiding officer shall ensure that reports contain all appropriate signatures and help coordinate the movement of reports to the college office in a manner consistent with the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions.

Recusals

Faculty members shall recuse themselves from participating and voting on personnel actions when the faculty member is currently involved in a legal situation with the faculty member under review; is currently involved in a complaint or grievance with the faculty member under review; has a family relationship with the faculty member under review; and other situations that will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Faculty should consult APSU's Nepotism Policy 5:035 for the definition of and clarification concerning "family members."

Informing Committees of Years toward Tenure and/or Promotion

At retention, tenure and promotion meetings, the departmental representative shall inform personnel committees about the specific number of years granted to the faculty member under review. The departmental representative shall remind members of personnel committees about years toward tenure whenever faculty members in this situation come up for retention, tenure, or promotion.

Documents Not Ordinarily Part of Content and Order Requirements

Documents *not* ordinarily part of the content and order requirements as stipulated in 1:025 or other standard review materials (Chair's report, Provost's report, etc.) may be introduced at any personnel review meeting on the condition that such documents relate to the three areas under review. Faculty members on a review committee wishing to introduce documentation at the personnel meeting must inform the chair and supply the documents or copies thereof.

However, these documents must be signed and may not be introduced at the review meeting unless the faculty member under review has been previously informed by the Dean that these documents may be introduced and discussed. These documents are not required to be signed by the faculty member under review; rather, the

documents are to be signed by the individual (s) who has/have authored the document(s).

All pertinent documents related to the situation must be included. The faculty member under review shall be permitted to include one rebuttal to such documents. This rebuttal shall be in the form of a single document, limited to a narrative response no more than two pages in length.

The faculty member's rebuttal must be submitted prior to the college committee's vote to include or exclude these documents from the e-dossier. The faculty member shall be notified by the college Dean or presiding officer of the committee's decision to include or exclude the documents from the e-dossier. If the personnel committee votes to admit these documents, then the faculty member's rebuttal shall be included within the e-dossier. In terms of document order and placement, the faculty member's rebuttal document shall follow the documents that have been introduced and admitted. All these items shall follow the chair's review. The documents are to be uploaded by the administrative assistant to the Dean or the Office of Academic Affairs.

If the personnel committee votes to reject these documents, the faculty member's rebuttal shall not be included within the e-dossier. Once the documents have been denied inclusion in the e-dossier at the college level, these documents may not be re-introduced at the Provost's level. If the documents have been approved for inclusion at the college level, these documents may not be removed at the Provost's level.

On the matter of the Dean informing the faculty member, the Dean of the college or members of the review committee must provide written evidence of such communication. An e-mail to the faculty member under review with a "request a delivery receipt" and "request a read receipt" option sent with the e-mail is recommended. All written communication between the faculty member and the chair or between the faculty members and members of the review committee must include a time and date stamp. A Dean or members of a review committee who initiate these messages to the faculty member shall bring copies of such communications to the personnel meeting.

The faculty member shall have the right to see the documents or copies of such documents. If the faculty member is not informed about such documentation at least three (3) business days before the personnel meeting, such documentation may not be introduced at the meeting or discussed.

Written narrative comments by students that were completed as part of the normal faculty evaluation process are not to be shared with committee members during personnel meetings and are not to be used in any way as part of the personnel process.

If any member of the committee or the Dean wishes to introduce a document, that document will then be given to the presiding officer, who will then present the nature of the document to the committee. However, no document may be introduced until the faculty member under review (a) has seen the documents or copies of documents; (b) has been informed in advance about such documentation as prescribed in the previous paragraph; and (c) is assured that these documents have not been altered in any way.

If requested, the presiding officer will read the document aloud. The entire committee will then vote to determine the admissibility of this document within the committee's deliberations. A simple majority vote shall determine the outcome. A secret ballot process (similar to that used for conventional retention, tenure, and promotion actions) shall be used in order for the votes to remain anonymous. A tie vote is not a majority vote, and the document shall not be discussed. The Dean shall not be permitted to break a tie vote.

If the committee has voted to admit these documents, the reports of the review committee shall reference these documents and include clear narrative statements that (a) are specific and (b) demonstrate the importance of the document(s) to reviewers. All positive or negative reports may include attachments as needed. The presiding officer shall arrange for the document itself to be included in the e-dossier of the faculty member under review. If a chair is under review and is the subject of the document, the Dean

of that college shall fulfill the role normally assigned to the chair.

The presiding officer from the college committee shall inform the college Dean in writing of the results of the committee members' deliberations on documents that meet the criteria for "not ordinarily part of content and order requirements" and the decision whether or not to permit the inclusion of the document or parts thereof within the e- dossier of the faculty member under review. The presiding officer of the college committee shall prepare a narrative rationale for the college Dean, which will include the numerical results of the vote on the document in question.

In order to assist reviewers at the next level and beyond, the Dean shall make a note in his/her report of the college review committee's ruling on the document if the Dean chooses to include or refer to the document that has been voted *not to be included* in the candidate's e-dossier by the review committee. Similarly, the Dean shall make a note in his/his report of the department review committee's ruling on the document if the Dean chooses to include or refer to a document that has been voted *to be included* in the candidate's e-dossier by the review committee.

When a college committee has voted not to include this material but the Dean chooses to include the same document or parts thereof, the Dean's report shall include substantive rationale and clear narrative statements that (a) are specific and (b) demonstrate the importance of this document(s) for reviewers beyond the Dean's level. The Dean shall include the original documents (which meet the criteria for "documents not ordinarily part of content and order requirements") by attaching them to the Dean's report. The Dean's report and these documents "not ordinarily part of content and order requirements" shall be uploaded to the e-dossier of the faculty member under review.

When a Dean receives documented information (positive or negative) relating to the three areas of review on a faculty member that the Dean intends to include within his/her report, the Dean shall notify the college committee regarding such information according to the normal

procedure for documents that meet the criteria for “not ordinarily part of content and order requirements.”. When a Dean receives a document that he/she wishes to include in the Dean’s report, but which has not been cleared by the college committee, at a very minimum, the Dean shall let the candidate know and inform the college committee of his/her intentions.

NOTE: Exceptions may occur because of legal restrictions.

Placement of Documents Not Ordinarily Meeting Content and Order Requirements in the E-dossier

The placement of documents that meet the criteria for documents not ordinarily meeting content and order requirements in the e-dossier is determined by the level at which the document (s) is introduced (departmental level or college level). There shall be no opportunities for the Appeals Board, the Provost or the President to add such documents because the procedures currently in place for approval of such documents at the department and college level have not been extended to any levels beyond the college.

At whichever level the document is introduced (department, chair, college, Dean), the document shall be placed in the e-dossier at the end of that chain. For example, if the document were introduced at the departmental level, the document shall be placed in the e-dossier below the chair’s report.

If the document is introduced at the college level, the document shall be placed after the Dean’s report. In order to alert review committees that the faculty member’s e-dossier contains these documents, the department chair/director or the Dean of the college shall write a simple statement of fact indicating that these documents are included within the faculty member’s e-dossier. The chair or the Dean shall not provide any additional evaluative comments related to that statement.

This statement, which shall follow the signature line of the chair or Dean and be set off from the rest of the report, may read something like this: “This e-dossier contains a document that meets the criteria for documents

not ordinarily meeting the content and order requirements of the e-dossier.”

Confidentiality of Meetings

All retention, tenure, and promotion committee proceedings and deliberations are confidential.

Option to Withdraw an E-Dossier during a Promotion Review

Faculty members are permitted to withdraw a promotion e-dossier at any time and at any level during the review process. For example, if the faculty member receives a negative recommendation from the college, he/she may withdraw the e-dossier.

The faculty member may choose to apply for promotion at a later date. When the faculty member applies at a future date for promotion, the faculty member shall include an explanation for the missing administrative reviews from levels beyond the department. This explanation shall be the first item under the “Prior Administrative Reviews” section of the faculty member’s e-dossier. Faculty members are advised to read Policy 2:063 for further details on promotion and conditions under which a faculty member under review may withdraw his/her e-dossier.

Guidelines for Voting, Recommendations, and Reports

The quorum of any departmental or college-level personnel committee is a simple majority of those faculty members eligible to vote. At any level of review, if a faculty member is unable to attend a personnel meeting, has to leave a meeting early, or is late in attending because of extenuating circumstances, the faculty member shall make every effort to leave an absentee ballot (by voting *for*, *against*) in a sealed envelope entrusted to a colleague, which shall subsequently be handed over to the presiding officer of the personnel review committee. As stated in Policy 2:052 [Academic Freedom and Responsibility], “the right to academic freedom imposes upon the faculty an equal obligation to take appropriate professional action against faculty members who are derelict in discharging their

professional responsibilities. The faculty member has an obligation to participate in tenure and promotion review of colleagues as specified in University policy.”

The vote may proceed if all the votes counted at the time of voting (including votes from those members physically present as well as absentee ballot votes from faculty) constitute a simple majority. However, any action taken with less than a simple majority of eligible faculty present and voting (and which includes absentee ballots) will be invalid, with a new vote to be conducted at a rescheduled meeting in a timely manner.

Majority and Minority Reports

A member of the committee voting with the majority shall be selected to write the evaluation of the faculty member for the committee. A member of the committee voting with the minority may write, in collaboration with other members in the minority, a minority report that must be included within the pages of the faculty member’s dossier along with the committee’s recommendation. In the event of a tie vote, two (2) minority reports will be written and must be included within the pages of the faculty member’s e-dossier before the dossier is forwarded to the next level in the personnel process. If two minority reports are required, those reports must contain distinct comments; one may not be a copy of the other. Minority reports must discuss all three areas of review and must be turned in for the candidate to read at the same time as majority reports. Minority reports cannot be written a week or several days after a candidate has seen a majority report.

Majority and minority reports that are written following a college committee review must contain only information discussed at the meeting. All faculty members who voted on a candidate for retention, tenure, or promotion shall be required to sign all reports, including any positive and negative minority reports.

Faculty members under review shall be required to sign these reports in a timely manner consistent with the deadlines on the Calendar for Faculty Personnel

Actions. Signing these forms simply indicates that the faculty member has read the review reports and/or forms. Signing does not necessarily indicate agreement or disagreement with the contents of these reports and/or forms.

Who Signs Reports?

All faculty members who voted on a candidate for retention, tenure, or promotion shall be required to sign all reports, including any positive and negative minority reports. Faculty members shall sign these reports in a timely manner consistent with the deadlines on the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. DocuSign or other electronic signatures will be used to sign the college committee report. Signing these reports simply indicates that the faculty members have read the reports. Signing does not necessarily indicate agreement or disagreement with the contents of these reports. After the college committee acts on a faculty member's dossier and forwards it to the next level, the college action cannot be rescinded unless authorized in writing by the Provost.

The Departmental Representative to the College Committee

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- a. The role of the departmental representative on the college committee is informational. The departmental representative shall answer questions posed to him/her by the members of the college committee without advocating either for or against the retention, tenure, or promotion of the candidate within the representative's department. However, as discussion ensues, the departmental representative may seek permission from the presiding officer to rectify incorrect factual information (for example, the conversation may surround a single conference the faculty member attended, but the departmental representative knows, for a fact, that the candidate actually participated in two conferences.) The departmental representative should strive for objectivity on behalf of the department committee and refrain from offering personal opinions.

Departmental representatives are required to attend personnel meetings in their own department as well as the college-level meetings in which candidates from their department are being reviewed. If the departmental representative knows in advance that he/she will not be able to attend a departmental personnel meeting, the

department shall elect an alternate candidate to serve as departmental representative. If the departmental representative knows in advance that he/she will not be able to attend a college-level personnel meeting, he/she must inform the alternate faculty member who will serve in his/her place. If an alternate faculty member has not been selected, the department shall elect an alternate candidate by whatever reasonable and expedient procedure is available at the time.

The college committee may solicit documented information from the departmental chair/director, departmental representative or others from the department of the faculty member under review. Faculty members who participated in the college committee meeting shall be selected to write reports on individual candidates applying for retention, tenure or promotion. These reports shall be organized into the three areas under review. The presiding officer shall notify the faculty member under review of the outcome of the college committee's actions within the timetable in the Calendar for Personnel Action.

- b.** The college Dean shall write an evaluation of and recommendation for, the faculty member under review and forward it with the committee evaluation. The college Dean shall inform, in writing, the faculty member under review of the decanal recommendation. After the college Dean makes a recommendation regarding the faculty member under review and forwards it to the next level, the college Dean's action cannot be rescinded, unless authorized in writing by the Provost.
- c.** A faculty member shall have the right to formally appeal the Dean's decision in Years 1, 2, 4, and 5 to The University Tenure and Appeals Board.

**Formal Appeals and
Informal Optional Written
Responses**

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A formal appeal is one that is made by the faculty member under review to the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board. There are no page limit restrictions for the formal appeal.

An informal response is one that is made by the faculty member under review to two negative recommendations at the departmental level in retention/tenure years 1, 2, 3 4, 5, 6 and

years 1-6 and beyond for promotion. Candidates seeking retention/tenure in years 3 and 6 and years 1-6 and beyond for promotion may also write an informal response at the college level when the college committee and dean recommendations are negative. These responses are limited to two pages and are addressed to the next level of review.

In retention years 1, 2, 4, and 5, the Dean makes the final decision in the review. Therefore, in years 1, 2, 4, and 5, there is no opportunity for an informal response to a negative decision from the Dean. The candidate, in these cases, may file a formal appeal with the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board.

However, in years 3 and 6 (tenure year), the Provost makes the decision, so the candidate may write an informal response to the negative recommendations of the college committee and the Dean. If the Provost's decision is negative, the candidate may file a formal appeal with the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board.

Faculty seeking promotion may write an informal response to the negative recommendations of the departmental committee and the Chair as well as negative recommendations of the college committee and the Dean. If the Provost's decision is negative, the candidate may file a formal appeal with the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board.

Q. What are some of the guidelines for a formal appeal to the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board?

- (a) Faculty members may submit a formal appeal to the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board during retention in Years 1, 2, 4, and 5 when the decision of the Dean is negative. Follow the APSU Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions for deadlines.
- (b) Faculty members may submit a formal appeal to the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board in Year 3 when the decision of the Provost is negative; in Tenure Year when the decision of the Provost is negative; and in Promotion actions when the decision of the Provost is negative. Follow the APSU Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions for deadlines.

Unless the application is withdrawn, the recommendations from the Appeals Board in Year 3, Tenure Year, and in Promotions will go to the President. However, in the Tenure Year, the faculty member also has the opportunity to appeal a negative decision by the President to the APSU Board of Trustees.

- (c) Promotion decisions stop with the President. Faculty may not appeal promotion decisions to the APSU Board of Trustees, only the negative tenure decision.

Each faculty member shall have only one-time access to the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board during any one review action within a cycle. For example, a faculty member may not access the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board twice for a negative retention, tenure, or promotion decision. All actions related to appeals shall follow the timetable guidelines prescribed in the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions.

Composition of University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board

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The University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board, which is constituted during the fall semester by dates prescribed on the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions shall be composed of the following:

- Two (2) tenured full professors elected from each college (from different departments within the college) who are eligible to serve on the college promotion committees but who are not currently serving on those committees
- one (1) University faculty member designated by the Provost,
- one (1) University faculty member designated by the Faculty Senate.

Even though it is not possible to know in advance which faculty members may file appeals in the fall and spring, a single University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board shall be convened each year. This appeals board will meet to deliberate on any appeals from all faculty (except first-year faculty) in the fall semester and any appeals from first-year faculty in the following spring semester. The members on the Appeals Board representing each of the colleges shall be tenured Professors who must be *elected* by that college's faculty according to established procedures at the University.

The Chair of the Appeals Board shall be a non-voting member, a college Dean, appointed by the President. The Dean of the College of the faculty member making an appeal shall not serve as Chair of the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board for that appeal. In these cases, the committee members shall elect a temporary chair for that particular faculty member's appeal. Reports from the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board shall document the recusal of the specific faculty member and/or Dean should this circumstance arise.

To protect the integrity of the appeals process, it is vital that neutrality be an important component of the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board and that a real or perceived conflict of interest be avoided. Faculty members who have previously served and voted on any personnel committee on a colleague for retention, tenure, or promotion *shall* be permitted to serve as a member of the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board to examine a retention, tenure, or promotion appeal that may be filed subsequently by that colleague in the same retention/tenure/promotion review cycle.

However, that faculty member shall *not* be permitted to actively participate in the deliberations and is required to leave the meeting room. If an appeal is made by a faculty member from a college under a Dean that has been appointed to serve as Chair of the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board, then this Dean shall also *not* be permitted to actively participate in the deliberations and is also required to leave the room using the procedure noted above.

All University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board members who voted on a candidate's retention, tenure, or promotion appeal to the Appeals Board are required to sign the report. However, Appeals Board members who were absent and did not vote or recused themselves from voting on a faculty member's e-dossier shall not sign the report of the Appeals Board.

Any necessary adjustments in membership to this board and the subsequent eligibility to vote (based on the college of the faculty member making the appeal) shall be the responsibility of the President or his/her designee.

**Steps in the Process for
Filing an Appeal with the**

Appeals shall be filed by the deadline outlined in the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions. The appeal shall be filed via email with the Provost, copying the Vice Provost and Associate

Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board

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Vice President for Academic Affairs (VP/AVPAA), who will forward the appeal to the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board. All paperwork associated with the electronic appeal must be converted to PDF files and included within the e-dossier of the faculty member making the appeal before the e-dossier moves to the next level.

At a minimum, the documents that should be included in the e-dossier are as follows: (a) the appeal letter (b) any supporting documents (c) the recommendation of the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board. The faculty member's e-dossier will need to be unlocked to include the documents related to the appeal. The Chair of the University Tenure and Promotion Appeals Board shall provide a written recommendation to the Provost and copy the faculty member making the appeal. The Provost or his/her designee shall have the responsibility for unlocking an e-dossier to upload appeals documents of faculty members appealing retention, tenure, or promotion decisions.

Applying for Tenure

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Faculty members shall apply for tenure in their sixth year. However, the faculty member may apply for tenure during the fifth year probationary period under extraordinary circumstances with written permission of the President for an exception to the normal six-year waiting period. Faculty members who are denied tenure will receive a notice of non-renewal from the President. Any faculty member denied tenure in the tenure process may not re-apply for tenure but is provided a final year of employment.

Faculty members who apply for tenure while they are in the 5th year probationary period shall submit in writing a substantive narrative rationale, aligned with published departmental criteria, to accompany the application no later than ninety (90) business days before faculty begin updates to the e-dossier as prescribed in the Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions.

If the President allows the exception, he or she will forward the full request (including the written narrative rationale) for the APSU Board of Trustees' consideration and determination. In no way shall the President's written approval permitting the exception to apply for tenure in the faculty member's fifth year be construed by any personnel committee to be a guarantee that the faculty member's application for tenure will be successful. That determination is made by the various levels of review within the normal retention, tenure, and promotion channels

currently in place at the University. If the faculty member is denied tenure during the fifth year, the faculty member may not re-apply for tenure but shall be provided a final year of employment.

The approval letter from the President shall be included in the faculty member's e-dossier following the statement of intent. The faculty member's statement of intent shall clearly reference the exception to the normal six-year probationary period prior to application for tenure. If the President does not allow the exception, copies of such letters shall be provided to the faculty member, his or her Chair, the Dean of the college, and the Provost.

Calculating the Probationary Period

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1. Approved Leave of Absence

A period of approved leave of absence shall be excluded from the requisite period for completion of the probationary period unless the Provost of the University specified in writing prior to the leave of absence that it shall be included in the probationary period.

However, articles that are published (online or in print) during the "leave of absence" period shall be accepted as items in Area 2 (Scholarly and Creative Achievement) during the probationary period. For example, if the faculty member receives notice of an acceptance of an article (submitted at a previous time) during the "leave of absence" period or receives notice of an invitation to submit a scholarly essay to a journal, the faculty member may count this as part of his/her publication achievements in Area 2. When there is disagreement as to the admissibility of scholarly/creative activity in Area 2 during a "leave of absence" period, the faculty member shall consult with his/her Chair, Dean, and Provost to resolve the situation. This provision applies to tenure-track faculty only.

Leaves of absence may not be granted retroactively. A faculty member may apply for a maximum of two (2) extensions in one-year increments so long as the total probationary period does not exceed six years. Requests for a second extension follow the same procedure and are subject to the same considerations as the original extension.

2. Stopping the Tenure Clock

A faculty member in a tenure track appointment may request to “stop the clock” during his/her probationary period when circumstances exist that interrupt the faculty member’s normal progress toward building a case for tenure. Discretion for stopping the tenure clock rests on the institution and also requires supervisory approval. In such cases, the faculty member may request to “stop the tenure clock” for one-year if he/she demonstrates that circumstances reasonably warrant such interruption. Reasons for approving a request to “stop the clock” will typically be related to a personal or family situation requiring attention and commitment that consumes the time and energy normally addressed to faculty duties and professional development. Examples may include, but are not limited to, childbirth or adoption, care of dependents, medical conditions or obligations, physical disasters or disruptions, or similar circumstances that require a fundamental alteration of one’s professional life. The intent of this policy is to serve the best interests of the University while providing neither preference to, nor adverse effect on, a faculty member’s process of developing a case for tenure. Once approved, the “stop the clock” year is not counted in the probationary period accrual.

However, articles that are published (online or in print) during the “stop the clock” year shall be accepted as items in Area 2 (Scholarly and Creative Achievement) during the probationary period. For example, if the faculty member receives notice of an acceptance of an article (submitted at a previous time) during the “stop the clock” year or receives notice of an invitation to submit a scholarly essay to a journal, the faculty member may count this as part of his/her publication achievements in Area 2. When there is disagreement as to the admissibility of scholarly/creative activity in Area 2 during a “stop the clock” year, the faculty member shall consult with his/her Chair, Dean, and Provost to resolve the situation. This provision applies to tenure-track faculty only.

3. Clarification of evaluation procedures during leaves of absence and stopped tenure clocks

APSU further clarifies evaluation procedures during probationary period approved leaves of absence and periods

of stopped tenure clocks.

There are two methods for extending the probationary period. The first (Outlined in Approved Leave of Absence above) occurs when a faculty member is on an approved leave of absence. Unless otherwise specified in writing by the Provost, such a leave of absence automatically extends the probationary period by one year. At APSU, the minimum leave of absence to apply under this policy is twenty (20) weeks in a given nine (9) month academic year as defined by faculty contract.

The second method for extending the probationary period is Stopping the Tenure Clock, (Outlined in Stopping the Tenure Clock). Stopping the tenure clock is for situations that do not prevent a faculty member from fulfilling teaching, advising, and administrative duties. The faculty member must specifically request in writing to the Provost that the tenure clock be stopped. A request to stop the clock must be submitted no later than sixty (60) business days before the dossier is due. The phrase “building a case for tenure” is herein defined as referring to the accumulation of job-related accomplishments during the relevant performance review period. This is distinguished from the actual preparation of a dossier which is the assembly and presentation of evidence that accomplishments have occurred over the course of a performance review period. The time period to which the “stop the clock” option is applied is the performance review period within which the request is made. The “stop the clock” option is only open to individuals who have not been able to make normal progress toward “building a case for tenure” as defined above. It is not open to an individual who has been unable to prepare a dossier, i.e., evidence of accomplishment, by the date stipulated in the governing Calendar for Faculty Personnel Actions.

**Criteria to be
Considered in
Tenure
Recommendations**

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Overview

Faculty members shall be evaluated for retention, tenure, and promotion in the areas of academic assignment, scholarly and creative activities, and service.

Retention: since initial appointment and including year-to-year activity in the three areas under review;

Tenure: since initial appointment; and
Promotion: since initial appointment or date of last promotion whichever is the more recent.

General Criteria for Evaluation of Faculty Members:

1. Teaching effectiveness;
2. Effectiveness in other academic assignments, including student advisement, as well as departmental and program administrative assignments;
3. Research, scholarly and creative activity;
4. Professional degrees, awards, and achievements;
5. Professional service (may include institutional committee assignments) to the University, the community, and the State or Nation;
6. Activities, memberships, and leadership in professional organizations;
7. Evidence of continuing professional development and growth; and potential for contributions to the objectives of the department and the University and
8. Demonstrated willingness and ability to work effectively with colleagues to support the mission of the institution and the common goals both of the institution and of the academic organizational unit; and evidence of, regard for, and performance consistent with, accepted standards of professional conduct.

For convenience and further clarification, APSU groups these criteria into three general areas of evaluation: Effectiveness in Academic Assignment; Scholarly and Creative Achievement; and Professional Contributions and Activity.

- A. See policy 1:025 for Effectiveness in Academic Assignment
- B. See policy 1:025 for Research/Scholarship/Creative Activities

Research and scholarly and creative activities are important

to the University's role in society. Clear evidence of the quality of work shall be a part of every evaluation.

Irregularities in Research, Scholarship, and/or Creative Activities

If the activities of a faculty member in Research, Scholarship, and Creative Activities appear irregular to the departmental personnel review committee, that committee shall have the right to request the faculty member to provide copies of correspondence, documents, and materials related to the faculty member's publications and/or scholarly/creative activities. The faculty member shall act on that request and must furnish the required information as expeditiously as possible before the committee votes on that faculty member's dossier.

However, if questions of misconduct in research or other creative activities arise at committee levels higher than the departmental level, these committees and/or supervisors (the Dean, Provost, and/or President) may ask for and consider additional information that may be forwarded with the dossier. If the allegations are substantiated through the University's due process procedures, this additional information shall become part of the faculty member's permanent personnel file in Academic Affairs. Faculty are advised to read Policy 2:019 (Misconduct in Research and Other Creative Activities) for more information.

Sole authorship is universally understood to mean one person writing original work. Faculty are reminded that only materials that have been accepted for publication by a reputable journal or recognized press in the author's area of expertise should be included as "publications" in the dossier.

For co-authored or multi-authored publications submitted to peer-reviewed journals or recognized publishers, the authors must indicate, as precisely as possible, their level of contribution to the published work. Their level of contribution may be determined by (a) highlighting their part of the work; (b) a letter from the senior or primary author describing the levels of each of the other faculty members' levels of contribution to the work; and/or (c) a clear narrative explanation with documentation of the faculty member's specific contributions.

- C. See policy 1:025 for Professional Contributions and Activities
- D. See policy 1:025 for Criteria for Assessing the Long-Term Staffing Needs
- E. See policy 1:025 for Changes in Tenure/Tenure-track Status
 - Non-renewal of Probationary Tenure-Track
 - Transfer of Tenure
 - Expiration of Tenure
 - Relinquishment of Tenure
 - Termination of Tenure for Reasons of Financial Exigency
 - Termination of Tenure for Curricular Reasons
 - Procedures for Termination of Tenure
 - Termination for Adequate Cause
 - Procedures for Termination for Adequate Cause

Evaluation of Materials

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All faculty members who participate in personnel processes at the departmental level are expected to evaluate all materials in the faculty member's e-dossier. Those preparing written reports must state reasons for their decisions. However, in departments or colleges where a large number of e-dossiers has to be evaluated at the college level and where the process may need to be expedited, the dean of the college may choose to set up a more convenient procedure for presenting e-dossiers at the personnel meeting.

General Organization and Procedures for Personnel Committees

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- A. The department chair/director and all full-time tenured faculty members of a department constitute the official body eligible to make departmental personnel recommendations. The department chair/director and all eligible full-time tenured faculty members of a department or school shall be required to participate in personnel processes.
- B. Departmental personnel committees shall consist of at least three (3) tenured faculty members not counting the department chair/director. In departments having fewer than three (3) faculty members eligible to serve on their departmental personnel committee, the Provost may assign the review of faculty to the departmental personnel

committee of another department. In such an instance, all eligible faculty from the department consisting of fewer than three (3) tenured faculty shall be included in all departmental personnel committee proceedings.

When a small department must constitute RTP committees with faculty from other departments, chairs from other departments may not serve on this RTP committee. The department-specific criteria of the faculty member being reviewed for tenure or promotion shall be the criteria used in making determinations by the departmental personnel committee created under this provision. The Chair's evaluation shall be made by the chair of the department that has fewer than three (3) tenured faculty. The Chair of the department with fewer than three (3) members shall meet with the personnel committee while his/her faculty member is being reviewed and shall leave prior to a vote.

- C.** College committee members who were eligible to vote on a personnel action at the departmental level shall not be eligible to vote on the same action at the college level. Administrators holding full-time positions outside the department or involved in making personnel recommendations at the college or University levels shall not participate in departmental personnel actions. Departmental Chairs/directors may not act on their own retention, tenure, merit salary adjustment, or promotion.
- D.** At any level in the retention and tenure process, a tie vote or even split shall carry the recommendation forward. However, in promotion cases, a faculty member shall be permitted to withdraw his/her e-dossier from future consideration. Please refer to Policy 2:063 (Policy on Promotion) for details.
- E.** Any department, division, or unit that does not fit within the evaluative framework presented above will have its process designated by the Provost, but must be consistent with the spirit of the above-described process.
- F.** When a catastrophic event such as a pandemic, a natural disaster, or other event disrupts normal campus operations, forcing campus operations to remote mode, the Retention, Tenure, and Promotion process will use the procedures outlined in Appendix A, Virtual RTP Process Training Guide.

Links

- APSU Policy 5:020** <https://apsu.policytech.com/docview/?docid=184&public=true>
- APSU Policy 1:012** <https://apsu.policytech.com/docview/?docid=46&public=true>
- APSU Policy 1:025** <https://apsu.policytech.com/docview/?docid=29&public=true>
- APSU Policy 2:063** <https://apsu.policytech.com/docview/?docid=253&public=true>
- APSU Policy 2:052** <https://apsu.policytech.com/docview/?docid=114&public=true>

- APSU E-Dossiers Website** <https://www.apsu.edu/academic-affairs/faculty/rtp/edossier.php>
- APSU QEP** <https://www.apsu.edu/loc/qep/index.php>

Revision Dates

- APSU Tenure P&G – Rev: May 7, 2021
- APSU Tenure P&G – Rev: January 27, 2021
- APSU Tenure P&G – Rev: April 30, 2020
- APSU Tenure P&G – Rev.: June 3, 2019
- APSU Tenure P&G – Rev.: April 27, 2018
- APSU Tenure P&G – Issued: July 12, 2016

Subject Areas:

Academic	Finance	General	Human Resources	Information Technology	Student Affairs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					

Approved

Provost: signature on file