

Math 3120 Test # 3 Chapter 4

Name:

Review

Score:

Show all steps in each problem for full credits.

1. Find an interval centered about $x = 0$ for which each initial – value problem has a unique solution.

a. $(x-2)y''+3y = x, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1$ b. $y''+(\tan x)y = e^x, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0$

2. Verify that the functions $f(x) = e^{-3x}$ and $g(x) = e^{4x}$ form a fundamental set of solutions of the differential equation $y'' - y' - 12y = 0$ on the interval $(-\infty, \infty)$.

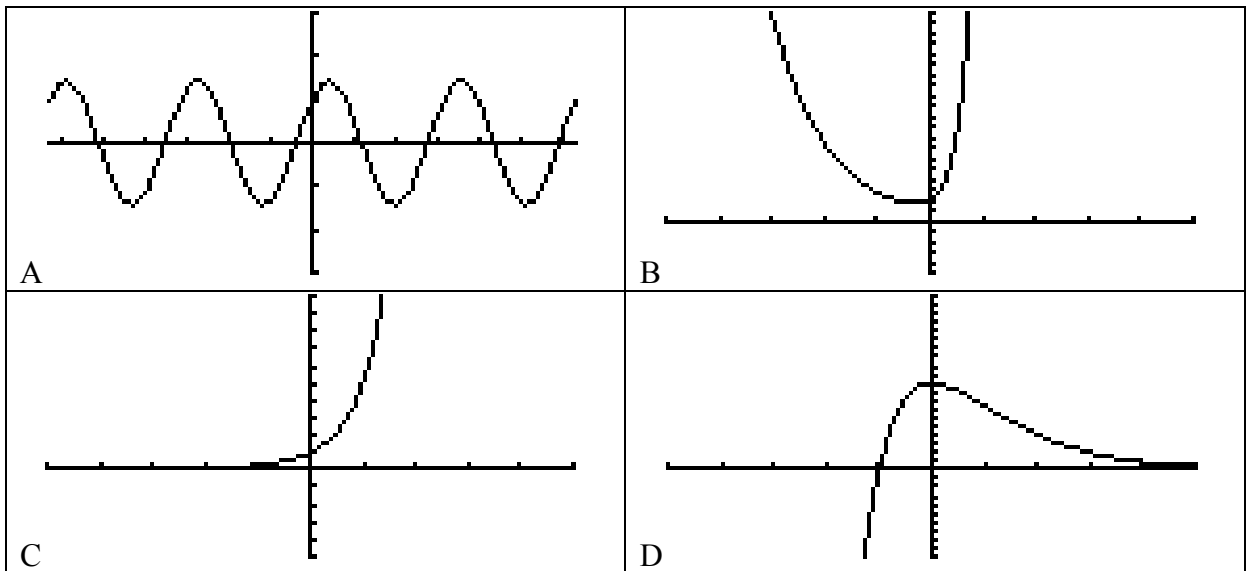
3. Match a particular solution of each differential equation with its graph.

a. $y'' - 3y' - 4y = 0$

b. $y'' + 4y = 0$

c. $y'' + 2y' + y = 0$

d. $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 0$



4. a. Verify that the differential operator $L = D^2 + 64$ annihilates the function $f(x) = 2 \cos 8x - 5 \sin 8x$.

b. Let $f(x) = e^{-x} + 2xe^x - x^2e^x$, find a linear differential operator that annihilates $f(x)$.

c. Find linearly independent functions that are annihilated by the operator $(D - 6)(2D + 3)$.

5. Solve the given DE by the method of variation of parameters.

$$y'' + 3y' + 2y = \frac{1}{1 + e^x}$$

6. Given the Cauchy – Euler equation $x^2y''+10xy'+8y = x^2$, do the following.

a. Find the complementary solution of the DE.

b. Use the substitution $x = e^t$ to transform the Cauchy – Euler equation to a DE with constant coefficients.

c. Find the general solution of the new DE in part (b) using the method of undetermined coefficients.

